## 2017 Click It or Ticket Fact Sheet



- Officers from police departments, sheriff's offices and Michigan State Police will focus on seat belt enforcement during the *Click It or Ticket* campaign May 22-June 4.
- The mobilization is about saving lives and reducing injuries. Buckling up can reduce the risk of serious injury or death by 45 percent.
- Six people died in traffic crashes during the 2016 Memorial Day holiday period. (Michigan State Police, Criminal Justice Information Center, MSP-CJIC)
- In 2016, 196 people who died in traffic crashes in Michigan were not wearing their seat belts. Of those, 134 were male and 62 were female. (MSP-CJIC)
- Michigan's 2016 seat belt use rate was 94.5 percent. The national seat belt use rate in 2016 was 90.1 percent. (Michigan State University, Department of Civil and Environmental Engineering, and National Highway Traffic Safety Administration, NHTSA)
- Past mobilization efforts have resulted in drunk driving arrests, stolen vehicle recoveries and numerous felony and misdemeanor warrant arrests.
- For some drivers, the threat of a ticket is a greater incentive to buckle up than the risk of death or lifealtering injury.
- The fine and other costs for unbuckled adults is \$65.
- Michigan law requires drivers, front seat passengers and passengers 15 and younger in any seating
  position to be buckled up. Children must be in a car seat or booster seat until they are 8 years old or
  4'9" tall, and children under 4 years old must be in the back seat.
- In 2015, there were 9,874 unbuckled passenger vehicle occupants killed in crashes in the United States. (NHTSA)
- Seat belt use is required by law for a reason: In 2015, seat belts saved an estimated 13,941 people from dying. From 2011 to 2015 seat belts saved nearly 64,000 lives across the U.S. (NHTSA)
- Among young adults ages 18 to 34 killed in crashes in 2015, more than half (58 percent) were completely unrestrained—one of the highest percentages for all age groups. (NHTSA)
- If all passenger vehicle occupants 5 and older involved in fatal crashes had worn their seat belts, an additional 2,804 lives could have been saved nationally in 2015 alone. (NHTSA)